

The Terminal boosts and advertises Richmond, directly increasing your property values.

# RICHMOND TERMINAL

The Terminal is the oldest newspaper in Richmond and has the confidence and support of pioneers

Vol. XV

RICHMOND, CALIFORNIA, FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1918

No. 21

## Fourth of July to Be a Sincerely Patriotic Day

### No "Camouflage," No Dress Parading, but a Real Celebration

One of the biggest Fourth of July celebrations ever attempted in Contra Costa county is being planned by Richmond's patriotic citizens and the movement will soon become county-wide.

The celebration will be given for the benefit of the Red Cross, and by the co-operation of all the county Red Cross societies, the affair will be one of the greatest in the history of Contra Costa.

Two live ones are on the committees to promote the affair, as follows:

Chairman General Red Cross Committee—C. F. Donnelly.

Chairman Celebration Committee—R. W. Ames.

### June Draft May Catch Million Young Men

The June draft will include all boys who have attained the age of 21 since June 5, 1917.

Under President Wilson's proclamation all male persons, citizens or aliens, must register. The only persons excepted are officers and enlisted men of the regular army, navy and marine corps, and the national guard and naval militia, while in federal service, and officers of the officers' reserve corps and enlisted men in the enlisted reserve corps while in active service.

"Brick" Devereux has left the Elcho baseball club to umpire for the Contra Costa league. A nos Moss has been signed by the club.

### Base Hospital No. 47 Has a Fast Base-Ball Team

The following is the lineup of San Francisco Base Hospital No. 47 baseball team, Camp Grunleat, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

This club has "cleaned" everything around Chattanooga and the south and has some fast players. They may be over there shortly to keep up interest in the national game in France. The lineup:

Captain—Callnon, Los Angeles. Lane—Manager team, Oakland. McGinnis—Pitcher, Texas Lg'r. Cunna—Catcher and captain, St. Mary's.

Lee—Pitcher, Berkeley High. Sidney Ryan—(Brother of Tom Ryan, who enlisted with Grizzlies) Centerfield, Stanford and Prune Belt.

Hazeltine—Pitcher, Stanford. Second B.—Hayward, Cal.

Miller—First B., Fresno, S. Pro. Breckenfield—R. F. Kahn—L. F., Oakland Semi P. Davison—Third, U. C. Varsity.

### New Buildings For Richmond

Pulse Bros., \$6000 flats, Nevins and 10th.

R. W. Johnson, Cottage, \$1500, Cutting and Portrero.

Mellie Knece, \$1200 cottage, Pullman Broadway near Clinton.

E. M. Jones, two cottages \$1200 each, 2d street near Ripley.

W. H. Thompson, \$2600 cottage Nevins and 23d.

Mott Pridgen, telegraph operator of Christie, Cal., was a Richmond visitor Thursday.

"I Saw It in THE TERMINAL."

### Women's Red Cross Parade Was Grand Pageant

Richmond women to the number of one thousand marched in parade Saturday night, each woman wearing the Red Cross uniform, presenting a beautiful spectacle as the many divisions clad in immaculate white marched along Macdonald avenue.

The Municipal band led the parade, the Standard Oil band and the Moose drum corps leading other divisions.

Mrs. J. C. Owens acted as grand marshal, and did excellent service in assisting the carrying out of the parade plan.

One hundred Richmond high school girls paraded in the form of a living Red Cross, attracting the attention of the crowds, and receiving many words of praise.

Speaking and band concerts followed this grand demonstration which preceded the Red Cross drive now on.

Five thousand listened to the patriotic speeches delivered by Miss Adelaide Rogers Hill and Attorney Grover Connor, the latter sent to Richmond by the Pacific Division of Red Cross.

### Prize Drill Master

On page two of this newspaper you will see the picture of that "peppery" little athlete Benny Leonard teaching the U.S. Marines how to give the Huns the old "One-Two." This picture is one of the most attractive, and proves that we have some trainers and fighters, too.

### St. Louis Saloonkeepers Must Contribute to Red Cross

It is estimated that 75 to 90 per cent of the saloonkeepers of the Mississippi river cities from St. Paul to New Orleans are German. Particularly is this true of Dubuque, Davenport, Rock Island, Burlington, Quincy, St. Louis, Memphis, and other larger cities. The style of architecture along the waterfronts is even "German" to this day, and weiners, schweitzerkase and Sunday Turnvereins were popular diversions. Hocking the kaiser was all right then.

But not now. Not "on your life." Five hundred German saloonkeepers of St. Louis have been summoned before the excise commissioner to show cause why they have not purchased Liberty bonds, pending the revocation of their booze licenses.

### Gov. Stephens Now, Will You Be Good?

Governor Stephens has come and gone, and assisted materially in the success of Richmond's Red Cross drive in whose behalf he spoke. The governor makes frequent visits to Richmond, where he has many warm personal friends.

### Spruce Lumber For 70,000 Airplanes

Victor H. Beckman, the lumberman of Tacoma, says that within two months Gray's harbor alone will furnish enough spruce to supply the allies with 70,000 airplanes.

### Carpenters Contribute One Day's Pay to Red Cross

Richmond carpenters, members of the local union only, voted to contribute \$6.00, one day's wage, to the Red Cross. As there are several hundred union carpenters in Richmond, the amount contributed will run into three figures.

### Publishers Meet

The organization of a county Press Association was perfected Monday at Martinez which includes all of the fifteen newspaper publishers of the county.

J. F. Galvin, is president; W. R. Sharkey, vice president and E. C. Ebsen, secretary.

The slogan will be "Stick, Bros. Stick," and the boys will do it.

The next meeting will be held in Martinez, June 3.

### Now, Will You Be Good?

Geel! What do you think of this: The President is to be authorized to take on men of any class or age without consulting congress, when necessary requires.

According to this proposed edict everybody must fight—including "father."

### Come Back to Stay

W. S. Hicks, who pioneered in Richmond when Macdonald avenue was a trail, and who picked off jack rabbits from the rear door of The Terminal newspaper office with a "22," has returned and is going to send for the wife and kids. W. S. says Richmond looks good to him, and will make it his permanent home.

### Everybody Comes Back

E. Hamill, Stockton newspaper man, who formerly resided in Richmond, may return to the bay cities and make Richmond his home. He is a brother-in-law of Joe Rose and Wm. Hicks. Hamill conducted a newspaper at King City at one time.

### In the Shadow.

The funeral of Mrs. Eva Henderson, who died Tuesday morning at the family home in A street, was held yesterday from the Calvary Baptist church. Interment at Sunset.

Jim Cooke has not left town as reported, but is employed at the Siege ammunition factory.

### Send the Soldier Boys Your Home Newspaper

Overseas, where American soldiers are facing the enemy, a letter from home is most welcome. It is the strongest home tie. It helps to keep the morale of the American soldier at the topmost point. Next in point of importance is the old home newspaper. From this he learns what is happening among his friends. It is most important that the home newspaper should follow him across the seas.

Persons who wish to get this work of cheer to the boys from this community may do so by subscribing to this newspaper and having it addressed to the American Y. M. C. A., 12 Rue d'Aguesseau, Paris, France. The national war work council of the Y. M. C. A. will see that the paper is forwarded to the soldier at the front. It will be sent to a camp where boys from this state are stationed.

War work secretaries in Y. M. C. A. huts overseas state that the hardest thing they have to combat is homesickness. The lads are yearning for news from their loved ones. The letter is first in importance, the old home newspaper fills the void in the absence of the letter.

You can help to maintain the morale of the American troops in France by sending him this paper. Think it over.

## Richmond Red Cross Quota of \$20,000 Easy

### More Pupils, But Less Money to Finance

(Albany Argus) A statement of county school revenue compiled by County Superintendent George W. Frick shows that the per capita appropriation has decreased during the past six years by 22 per cent, while the attendance has increased from 27,310 to 34,699. The amount of the decrease is \$6.15 for each child in attendance.

Superintendent Frick has sent out a circular letter to the teachers of the county calling a meeting at the Hotel Oakland for 12:30 o'clock Saturday, May 25, to discuss the subject of an increased revenue. The purpose of the meeting is to organize the teachers into an association to "promote the general wellbeing of the public schools, particularly their financial interests."

The letter mentions the increased activity of the schools on account of war work, and the demand for increased efficiency growing out of the recognition that a highly educated citizenry is the greatest asset a nation can have, and deplores the fact that the fund for the promotion of the increased school duties is not provided.

The schedule of attendance and appropriations covering the past six years is as follows:

Year	Attd.	Per Cap.	Total
1912-13	27,310	\$2.25	\$61,447.50
1913-14	28,484	22.41	63,831.96
1914-15	29,492	20.88	61,592.23
1915-16	32,484	19.42	63,111.49
1916-17	33,616	19.42	65,177.82
1917-18	34,699	18.45	64,006.34

The statement is interesting in view of the announcement made recently by State Controller John S. Chambers that the expense of county government for California has increased in the past seven years by over 100 per cent. The general increase of Alameda county's government during the period has been 43 per cent. The above table shows a smaller appropriation for the year 1917-18 for the public schools than was had for 1912-13.

### Twice the Above Sum Expected to Be Contributed

The Red Cross drive for the Richmond district is in full swing, and if the money continues to flow from the pockets of the people the last days of the week as it did the first three days of the week, Richmond's quota of \$20,000 will be raised and another \$20,000 with it. The drive is not a drive, after all. It is a generous response of the people for a most worthy cause.

### Want 15 - Mile Soft Drink Zone

Tons of "dry" literature are congesting the mails to Washington requesting Secretary of the Navy Daniels to expand the dry line around Mare Island, which would include Richmond, El Cerrito and Albany. On the other hand, the wets are getting busy, the California Wine association and other liquor interests keeping the wire hot to the national capital.

William Jennings Bryan June 5.

## Publishers Not Slackers

THE tremendous success of the Liberty Loan Drives and the assured success of the present Red Cross campaign must be attributed to the country press. Without the patriotic co-operation of the press with the citizens of their respective communities, the loan drives would have failed.

The high cost of production, the scarcity of labor, expensive material, etc., is going to "do things" to the country publishers if those in arrears (not necessarily slackers) do not pay the old accounts, or at least pay a credit thereon.

The figures at the right of your address on the pink slip indicate that your account is paid to that date, and that you owe from that date to the present date, the first figures representing the number of the month, the second the year.

Pay something on that old account. This is not a charitable appeal. We would close up shop and go "over there" with our boys, two of them, and be useful in some occupation to help win the war, but we can be of more service here, as newspapers are essential to strengthen the morale, and as stated above but for the country newspaper publishers, the Loan Drives would have been total failures.

By paying your subscription, we can still do more to help win the war. Are you with us?



**"Garden Sass"**  
Saves Wheat for Soldier Boys

**June Weddings and Graduation Gifts**

We are quite prepared to supply your wants for both occasions. The newest patterns to select from.

**WATCHES AND JEWELRY**  
For the Graduate—Silver, Cut Glass and Pottery for the Bride

**A. F. Edwards** 1227-29 Broadway, Oakland  
GOLD & SILVERSMITH — Established 1879

**Lens Grinding** On the PREMISES

The eyes examined by a registered OPTOMETRIST and Glasses or Spectacles FITTED by an Expert Optician—this is the service we extend to all who do not see properly! Isn't this the kind of an establishment you want to trust the care of your eyes to?

**F. W. LAUFER** OPTICIAN 4-8-7 Fourteenth Street, bet. Broadway and Washington, OAKLAND

**STRETCHING PARIS TO MEET THE NEEDS OF FRANCE**

**THE RED CROSS HAS HELPED WHERE GOVERNMENTS WERE HELPLESS.**

The avalanche of refugees that swept into Paris from the north of France had been the despair of the civil authorities. These homeless, stunned people were a new responsibility to be added to the thousands of wounded men that came steadily from the shambles of the west front.

Paris is an old city. It was not ready to take in its neighbors' children. Its population was already a tight fit. So it made the best of its poor hospitality by offering up its garrets. New building construction seemed impossible. Men were scarce. The mechanic was either manning the trenches or fighting the fight in the war factories. Paris was distracted.

It is wonderful indeed how nobly Paris tried to meet this condition. And it is remarkable how Paris met it with the aid of our own Red Cross. Unhindered by red tape or precedent, our Red Cross put on overalls and jumper, carried the food, became architect, engineer and contractor and went into the building of homes. Here was a church lot that lay vacant; here an unfinished hospital; there a worn out building, all of which in a fortnight were started on their way toward new apartments, rooms and sleeping wards.

We here at home who associate the great Red Cross movement with bandages and white gowned nurses must lose this old illusion in the light of a thousand other works for humanity.

In this case we see the Red Cross first as diplomats convincing the civil authorities of Paris as to their ability to remedy the situation, then as architects remodeling buildings, changing building plans, hiring labor gathered by themselves from the ex-soldiers and the older man, all the while working under every imaginable handicap, while Father Time cried, "Get it done, get it done."

So out of the garrets came these despairing people to find new hope in clean homes, to get new cheer out of sheer bodily comfort and fresh courage to again take up the great trust that France has kept so well—"to carry on." It is not strange that our French brothers believe in your own Red Cross just a little more than you do. But should this be?

**The Boy in "Vino"**  
(With Apologies to "K. C. P." (And Everybody Else.)

I saw a shadow.  
Upon the wall.  
It said to me.  
The glasses are too small.

And then I knew.  
As I lay there.  
That I had not been.  
On a tear.  
Over there.  
(But right here.)

And then a picture.  
From across the bar.  
Was painted.  
On my shadow wall.

It was a snake.  
(No camouflage.)  
Ugh! what'd I drink.  
The night before?

And then sleep came.  
And came a dream.  
An owl perched.  
On my toes.

He said: "Oo hoo-ah!  
"Cut it, ole boy."  
Fine shootin'.

And then I woke.  
And cursed the day.  
When I was born.  
And so it was.  
I saw his face.

It was father.  
With a club.  
And in the darkness.  
Of my room.  
I prayed.

And he was there.  
(I mean father.)  
I heard a sob.  
He said "goodby."  
His work was done.

I THANK YOU

**VACATION APPAREL**  
Separate Outing Skirts

Easy to match with any sweater or coat from our very large stocks.

**SILK SKIRTS**—Here are lovely assortments of skirts in tulle, faille and rayon, satin and baronettes in solid colors, stripes and plaids. Prices—\$6.95 to \$25.50.

**WOOL SKIRTS**—Also handsome skirts of serge, velour, wool crepe and gabardine in pleated or plain styles, with odd-shaped pockets and fancy belts. Prices—\$8.95 to \$22.00.

**WHITE FRENCH SERGE SKIRTS** in pleated styles, two different models, specially priced at—\$11.95.

**WHITE WAIST SKIRTS** in all the popular materials made in clever sport styles—\$1.00 to \$6.95.

—Suits Department, Second Floor.

**Vacation Sweaters**

CAPWELLS have the most satisfying assortment of styles, colors, weaves and fabrics.

Lots of the favorite sleeveless sweaters and regulation styles in all colors.

**SLEEVELESS KNITTED SWEATERS**.....\$3.95 and \$4.95

**SLEEVELESS SHELTER SWEATERS**.....\$4.50 to \$10.50

**SLEEVELESS SILK SWEATERS**.....\$24.75 and up

**WOOL SWEATERS**—With sleeves. All wool and in latest colorings. \$4.50 to \$15.50

**WOOL SLIP-ON SWEATERS**—With sleeves, large collars and belts. \$5.95 to \$10.50

**SILK SWEATERS**—Elegant garments for garden parties and dress wear. \$8.95 to \$18.50

Of pure silk.....\$24.75 and up

**JERSEY SPORT COATS**—Very smart.....\$15.00

—Waist Department, Second Floor.

**Cream Woolen Fabrics**

Down in her heart every woman wants a white suit, whether she chooses it for her trousseau or for summer vacation wear. Fashionable white all-wool fabric—\$1.00 to \$3.95 yard.

—First Floor.

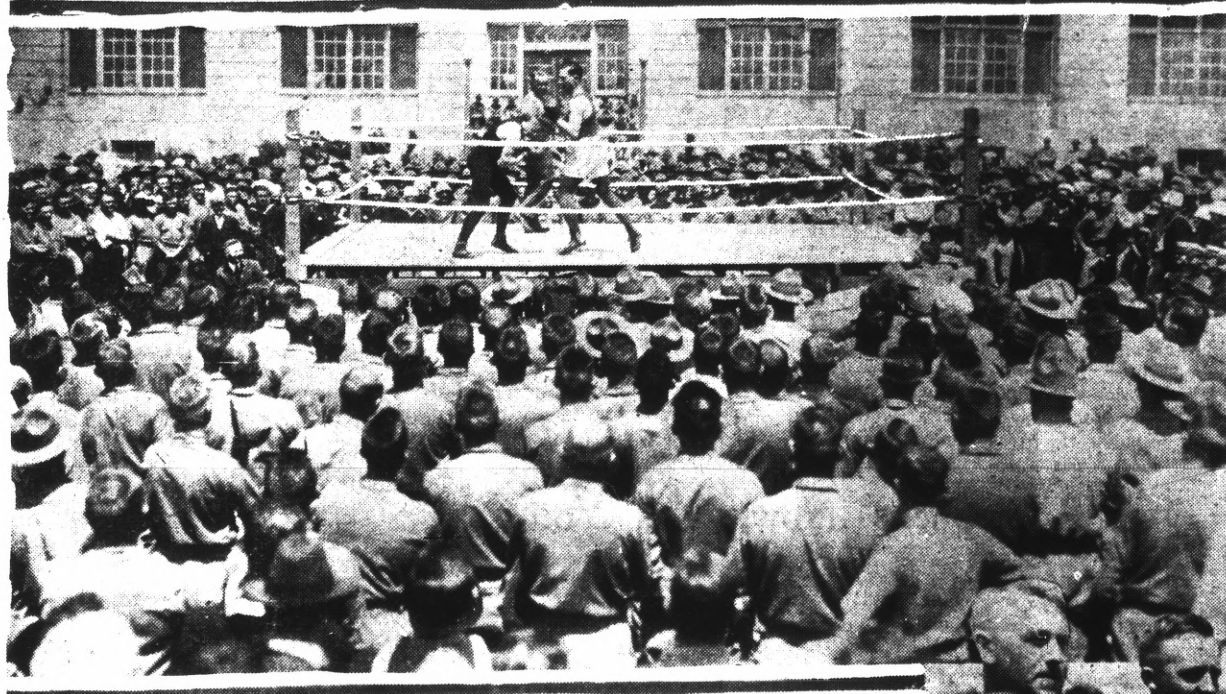
**Capwells** Give TO THE RED Cross  
Clay, 14th and 15th Sts., Oakland



# Illustrated Special Feature Page

## CHAMPION BENNY LEONARD TEACHES THE U. S. MARINES AT MARE ISLAND HOW TO GIVE THE HUNS THE OLD "ONE-TWO"

Billy Gibson's ward journeyed to the Mare Island barracks of the Marine Corps to instruct the members in the arts of boxing and bayonet fighting, and incidentally to box "Kewpie" Callender, the youngest Marine, a couple of spirited cantos. These photographs by Sergeant Sanford Greenwald of the U. S. Marine Corps, show Leonard and his opponent hard at work in the open-air ring—the champion illustrating the moves in a bayonet charge and, below, he is caught in the act of conducting a boxing class. Leonard imparted more "pep" to the Marines, according to the officers, than any other sporting drill-master.



## THE STUDY OF THE GREAT WAR

A TOPICAL OUTLINE, WITH EXTENSIVE QUOTATIONS AND READING REFERENCES

BY SAMUEL B. HARDING

Professor of European History in Indiana University

ISSUED BY THE COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION, WASHINGTON, D. C.

### I.—Fundamental Causes of the War.

1.—The constitution of the German Empire permits its foreign policy to be determined by the Emperor alone, who is at the same time, by "divine right," King of Prussia—the State which possesses an overwhelming territorial, political, and military predominance in the Empire.

"The Emperor declares war with consent of the Reichstag, the assent of the Reichstag not being required. Not even the Reichstag need be consulted if the war is defensive, and as the Hohenzollerns have always claimed to make defensive warfare it is not surprising that even the unrepresentative Reichstag was officially informed about the present war three days after the Emperor declared it."—(Charles D. Hazen, The Government of Germany, Committee on Public Information publication. See also War Cyclopedia, under "Autocracy," "Kaiserism," "William II.")

Profit derived from the war in the past by Prussia (Germany).

(a) Through increase of territory (cf. maps).

(b) Through indemnities (e. g., from France, 1871).

(c) Through increased prestige and influence. Hence justification of the "blood and iron" policy of Bismarck and his predecessors. War as "the national industry" of Prussia.

"The Great Elector laid the foundations of Prussia's power of successful and deliberately incurred wars. Frederick the Great followed in the footsteps of his glorious ancestor. . . . None of the wars which he fought had been forced upon him; none of them did he postpone as long as possible. . . . The lessons of history thus confirm the view that wars which have been deliberately provoked by far-seeing statesmen have had the happiest results."—(Bernhard, Germany and the Next War, 1911, p. 18, 22.)

3.—German's demand for "a place in the sun."

(a) Meaning of the Kaiser's phrase ("a place in the sun") not clear. It covers vaguely colonies, commerce, and influence in international affairs in proportion to Germany's population, industrial importance, and military power.

(b) Obstacles. The German Empire was a late-comer in the family of nations; the best regions for colonization and exploitation, especially in the temperate zones, were already occupied by other Powers.

(c) Examples of the demand.—(See Conquest and Kultur, secs. 6, 10; War Cyclopedia, under "Place in the Sun," "Pan-Germanism," etc.)

"We need colonies, and more colonies, than we have already to give vent to our surplus energies without losing them and to make the motherland economically independent."—(Manifesto of the Colonial League.)

"We need a base strong enough not only to protect the colonies we now have but to bring about the acquisition of others."—(Manifesto of the Navy League.)

"A progressive nation like ours needs territory, and if this cannot be obtained by peaceful means, it must be obtained by war. It is the object of the Defense Association (Wehrverein) to create this sentiment."—(Lieut.-General Wrochem in speech to the Wehrverein in March, 1913.)

"Without doubt this acquisition of new lands will not take place without a war. What world power was ever established without bloody struggles?"—(Albrecht Wirth, Volkstum und Weltmacht in der Geschichte, 1904. Quoted by Angell, La Pan-Germanism, 1915, p. 308.)

"It is only by relying on our good German sword that we can hope to conquer that place in the sun which rightly belongs to us, and which no one will yield to us voluntarily. . . . Till the

world comes to an end, the ultimate decision must rest with the sword."—(Adolph Grabsowky, in Das neue Deutschland, October 28, 1914.)

4.—Biological argument for war.

(a) Darwin's theory of the "struggle for existence" as a chief factor in the evolution of species.

(b) Development in Germany of the theory that states are of necessity engaged in a "struggle for existence."

(c) Hence war is an "ordinance of God for the weeding out of weak and incompetent individuals and states." Corollary: "Might makes right."

(d) Examples of such arguments from Treitschke, Bernhardi, etc.—(See Conquest and Kultur, sec. 1, 2, 4; War Cyclopedia, under "Bernhardi," "Treitschke," "War, German View," "Vernon Kellogg, Headquarters Nights," in Atlantis Monthly for August, 1917.)

"War is a biological necessity of the first importance, a regulative element in the life of mankind which cannot be dispensed with, since without it an unhealthy development will follow which excludes every advancement of the race, and therefore all real civilization."

"To supplant or be supplanted is the essence of life," says Goethe, and the strong life gains the upper hand. The law of the stronger holds good everywhere. Those forms survive which are able to procure themselves the most favorable conditions of life, and to assert themselves in the universal economy of Nature. The weaker succumb."

"Might gives the right to occupy or to conquer. Might is at once the supreme right, and the dispute as to what is right is decided by the arbitrament of war."—(Bernhardi, Germany and the Next War, 1911, pp. 18, 22.)

"They fight, not simply because they are forced to, but because curiously enough, they believe much of their talk. That is one of the dangers of the Germans to which the world is exposed; they really believe much of what they say."—(Vernon Kellogg, in Atlantis Monthly, August, 1917.)

5.—Ideas of the German mission in the world, and the German demand for world influence and prestige (Pan-Germanism).

(a) Ardent belief in the superiority of the German race and German "Kultur" over all other races and civilizations.

(b) Hence the duty to promote the Germanization of the world, and to oppose the absorption of Germans by other nationalities.

(c) Examples of these ideas in writings of Treitschke, Rohrbach, Bernhardi, etc.—(See Conquest and Kultur, sec. 1, 2; War Cyclopedia, under "Bernhardi," "Hegemony, German Ambition," "Kultur," "Pan-Germanism," "Treitschke," "William II.")

"I hope that it will be granted to our German Fatherland to become in the future as closely united, as powerful, and as authoritative as once the Roman Empire was, and that just as in old times they said *Civis Romanus sum*, one may in the future need only to say, 'I am a German citizen.'"

"God has called us to civilize the world; we are the missionaries of human progress."

"The ocean is indispensable for Germany's greatness, but the ocean also reminds us that neither on it nor across it in the distance can any great decision be again consummated without Germany and the German Emperor."—(Speeches of Emperor William II.)

"The German race is called to bind the earth under its control, to exploit the natural resources and physical powers of man, to use the passive races in subordinate capacity for the development of its Kultur."—(Ludwig Woltmann, Politische Anthropologie, 1913.)

"If people should ask us whether we intend to become a world power that overtop the world powers as greatly that Germany would be the only real world

Power, the reply must be that the will to world power has no limit."—(Adolph Grabsowky, in Das neue Deutschland, October 28, 1914.)

"By German Kultur the world shall be healed, and from their experience those who have heard only lies about German Kultur will perceive, will feel in their own bodies, what German means and how a nation must be made up, if it wishes to rule the world."—(Benedikt Haug, Deutschland und der Weltkrieg, 1914.)

"With the help of Turkey, India and China may be conquered. Having conquered these Germany should civilize and Germanize the world, and the German language would become the world language."—(Theodor Springman, Deutschland und der Orient, 1915.)

"Our next war will be fought for the highest interests of our country and of mankind. This will invest it with importance in the world's history. 'World power or downfall' will be our rallying cry."—(Bernhardi, Germany and the Next War, 1911, p. 154.)

II.—Militarism and Armaments

1.—Definition of militarism. It is a state of mind, not the having of an army no matter how large, but the exaltation of it to the chief place in the state, the subordination to it of the civil authorities. Joined to this is the reliance upon military force in every dispute.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Militarism," "Prussianism," etc.; C. Altschul, German Militarism and its German Critics, pp. 20-21.)

2.—Militarism and the military class dominant in Germany.

(a) Historical reasons for this: lack of defensible frontiers; hostile neighbors, etc. Relation also to topics under heading I.

(b) The Zabern Incident (1913) as a practical example of military domination.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Zabern," "Luxemburg, Rosa," "Altschul, German Militarism," etc.)

(c) Quotations showing German exaltation of war and army, etc.—(See Conquest and Kultur, sec. 4, 5.)

"Because only in war all the virtues which militarism regards highly are given a chance to unfold, because only in the realization of which on earth militarism is above all else; therefore it seems to us who are filled with the spirit of militarism that war is a holy thing, the holiest thing on earth; and this high estimate of war in its turn makes an essential ingredient of the military spirit. There is nothing that tradespeople complain of so much as that we regard it as holy."—(Werner Sombart, Händler und Helden, 1915.)

"War is the noblest and holiest expression of human activity. For us, too, the glad, great hour of battle will strike. Still and deep in the German heart must live the joy of battle and the longing for it. Let us ridicule to the utmost the old women in breeches who fear war and deplore it as cruel and revolting; No, war is beautiful. Its august sublimity elevates the human heart, beyond the earthly and the common."—(Jung-Deutschland, official organ of Young Germany, October, 1913.)

"War is for us only a means, the state of preparation for war is more than a means, it is an end. If we were not beset with the danger of war, it would be necessary to create it artificially, in order to strengthen our softened and weakened Germanism, to make bones and sinews."—(Ernst Haase, Die Zukunft des deutschen Volkstums, 1913.)

"It is the soldier and the army, not parliamentary majorities and votes that have welded the German Empire together. My confidence rests with the army."—(Emperor William II.)

Ottfried Nippold, a university professor and jurist, was shocked to observe, on his return to Europe from a residence of

several years in Japan, the extraordinary growth in Germany of militarism and the "Jingo" spirit. At the end of a book which he compiled, made up of statements by prominent Germans in 1912-13 advocating war and conquest, he said: "The evidence submitted in this book amounts to an irrefutable proof that a systematic stimulation of the war spirit is going on, based on the one hand on the wishes of the Pan-German League and on the other on the agitation of the Defense Association (Wehrverein)."

"The desire of the political visionaries in the Pan-German camp for the conquest of colonies suits the purpose of our warlike generals very well; but to them this is not an end, but only a means. War as such is what really matters to them. For if their theory holds good, Germany, even if she conquered ever so many colonies, would again be in need of war after a few decades, since otherwise the German nation would again be in danger of moral degeneration. The truth is that to them, war is a quite normal institution of international intercourse, and not in any way a means of settling great international conflicts—not a means to be resorted to only in case of great necessity."—(Der deutsche Chauvinismus, 1913, pp. 112-117, quoted in Conquest and Kultur, 137-139.)

3.—The competition in armaments Europe an "armed camp" following 1871, makes an essential ingredient of the military spirit. There is nothing that tradespeople complain of so much as that we regard it as holy."—(Werner Sombart, Händler und Helden, 1915.)

"War is the noblest and holiest expression of human activity. For us, too, the glad, great hour of battle will strike. Still and deep in the German heart must live the joy of battle and the longing for it. Let us ridicule to the utmost the old women in breeches who fear war and deplore it as cruel and revolting; No, war is beautiful. Its august sublimity elevates the human heart, beyond the earthly and the common."—(Jung-Deutschland, official organ of Young Germany, October, 1913.)

ter into an arbitration treaty with the United States.—(See Conquest and Kultur, sec. 4, 5; War Cyclopedia, under "Arbitration," "German Attitude," "Peace Treaties.")

4.—British vs. German views of the "freedom of the seas," as revealed at the Hague Conferences and the Naval Conference of London.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Freedom of the Seas," "Declaration of London," etc.)

"The German view of freedom of the seas in time of war was that a belligerent should have the right to make the seas dangerous to neutrals and enemies alike by the use of indiscriminating mines; and that neutral vessels should be liable to destruction or seizure without appeal to any judicial tribunal if in the opinion of the commander of a belligerent war vessel any part of their cargo consisted of contraband. On the other hand, Germany was ever ready to place the belligerent vessels on the same footing as neutral vessels, and to forbid their seizure or destruction except when they were carrying contraband or endeavoring to force a blockade. In this way she hoped to deprive the stronger naval power of its principal weapon of offense—the attack upon enemy commerce—while preserving for the weaker power every possible means of doing harm alike to enemy or neutral ships. At the same time she was anxious to secure to belligerent merchant-ships the right of transforming themselves into warships on the high seas."—(Ramsey Muir, Mare Liberum: The Freedom of the Seas, pp. 8-13.)

IV.—Some Special Subjects of International Conflict

1.—French desire to recover Alsace-Lorraine, taken by Germany in 1871.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Alsace-Lorraine," "Franco-German Rivalry.")

The economic importance of Alsace-Lorraine consists in its extensive deposits of iron ore: out of 28,000,000 tons mined by Germany in 1913, 21,000,000—about three-fourths—came from Alsace-Lorraine (chiefly Lorraine). "Lorraine is the heart of the French Empire."—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Alsace-Lorraine.")

2.—Desire of Italy to reclaim its "redeemed" lands held by Austria.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Italia Irredenta.")

3.—Colonial and commercial rivalry among the Great Powers over Central and Northern Africa (Morocco especially); Asia Minor, Mesopotamia, and Persia; China and the Far East; South America, etc.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Morocco Question," "Franco-German Rivalry.")

4.—Increased gravity of questions concerning the Balkan Peninsula after the Turkish Revolution in 1908. Plans for Austrian and German domination in these regions (Drang nach Osten) conflict with Russia's desire to secure Constantinople and an outlet to the Mediterranean, and threatened the security of India.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Balkan Problems," "Drang nach Osten," etc.)

5.—Grouping the Great Powers into the Triple Alliance (1882) and the Triple Entente, Germany's fear of being "hemmed in" (allied policy of "encirclement").—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Triple Alliance," "Triple Entente.")

6.—The Anglo-German Problem.—(See

Sarolea, The Anglo-German Problem, 1911; Conquest and Kultur, sec. 16.)—Due to—

(a) Menace to Great Britain's industrial and maritime supremacy through Germany's rapid industrial development since 1870.

(b) Colonial and trade rivalry in Africa, Asia Minor, Mesopotamia, etc.

(c) Hostility to Great Britain taught by Treitschke and others, Doctrine that England was decrepit—"a colossus with feet of clay"—and that her Empire would fall at the first hostile touch. Toasts of German officers to "the Day"—when war with Great Britain should come.—(See War Cyclopedia, under "Der Tag," "Treitschke," etc.)

"If our Empire has the courage to follow an independent colonial policy with determination, a collision of our interests with those of England is inevitable. It was natural and logical that the new Great Power in Central Europe should be compelled to settle affairs with all Great Powers. We have settled our accounts with Austria-Hungary, with France and with Russia. The last settlement, the settlement with England, will undoubtedly be the lengthiest and the most difficult."—(Heinrich von Treitschke.)

(d) Attitude of Great Britain on the whole one of conciliation. A treaty drawn up in June, 1914 (uncompleted when the war broke out), gave Germany "concessions" in the matter of the Bagdad Railway, the Mesopotamian petroleum springs and the Egyptian navigation, which exceeded all expectations.—(Dr. Paul Rohrbach, quoted in S. S. McClure, Obstacles to Peace, p. 42.)

(e) Failure of the two Powers to arrive at an agreement as to naval armaments and mutual relations. Great Britain proposed (in 1912) to sign the following declaration:

"The two Powers being mutually desirous of securing peace and friendship between them, England declares that she will neither make, nor join in, any unprovoked attack upon Germany. Aggression upon Germany is not the subject, and forms no part of any treaty, understanding, or combination to which England is now a party, nor will she become a party to anything that has such an object."

Germany refused to sign a similar declaration unless Great Britain would agree to stand aside and be neutral in any war which might break out on the continent, i. e., to abandon her new friends, France and Russia, and allow Germany to attack them unhampered by fear of British interference.

For forty years political and economic theories and governmental policies especially in Germany, had been bringing a great European war ever nearer. Forces making for peace were also in operation, and at times it seemed that these would continue to control the situation. But in 1914 the influences making for war definitely triumphed in Germany and Austria, and precipitated the Great World War.

VI.—Reading References

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6.—The Anglo-German Problem.—(See

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To Be Continued









## YOUR RED CROSS

An Army Without a Gun

By MEREDITH NICHOLSON  
Of the Vigilantes.

THE Red Cross is the greatest instrument of mercy the world has ever seen. Noble as the service of mercy and helpfulness was in Civil War days, the Red Cross surpasses it immeasurably not only in the range and variety of its effort, but in efficiency and effectiveness.

The Red Cross is, we may say, the arms of the mothers of the world reached out to their sons to bind up their wounds and comfort them. The Red Cross is an army without a gun that wages war only upon suffering and heartache. Where the flag of the stars goes there the banner of the Red Cross must fly beside it. We watch our boys go forth to war with a spirit of hopefulness because we know that this great agency of humanity presses close behind them; that its work is not incidental, but the intelligent directed effort of one of the most marvelous organizations ever contrived by American genius.

We have all contributed to the Red Cross; we shall be called upon again to contribute to its funds,—again and perhaps again. And we will respond again and yet again! For this is a war for the defense of civilization, and we of great, free, splendid, glorious America, have every intention that it shall be fought with the army of the Red Cross solidly supporting our soldiers.



## THIS IS THE TRUE RED CROSS SPIRIT

A Little Story With a Big Thought in It.

A month ago the Red Cross chapter in Bay City, Mich., received a hurried call for 150 dunnage bags. Troops were about to move, and through an oversight their equipment was not complete. The bags had to be made and sent within 48 hours. A request for help was sent over the town, and the stores were searched successfully for the right materials. Among those who quickly responded and came to the chapter workrooms to help were two little girls, sisters, about ten and twelve years of age, each eager to lend a hand and do something for the boys who were going to the front. All day long the fingers of the women and the little girls were fairly flying. Bag after bag received the last stitch until scores were piled up ready for shipment. Closing time came, and the woman superintending the making of the bags counted those completed and announced that if every one of the workers could come early the next morning and work all day the bags would surely be finished in time for shipping by evening. Two crestfallen little girls, the little sisters, were waiting for her at the door as she departed.

Red Cross Dunnage Bags. "We are actually sorry, ma'am," said the older of the two, "but we can't come back tomorrow. You see tomorrow we have to— And, without finishing the sentence, she looked back wistfully at the pile of bags.

"It is too bad you can't come back," said the superintendent, "but I want to thank you, and we all think you for the work you've done today. You two have been a wonderful help, and that pile of bags wouldn't be nearly so big if you hadn't been here. Good night."

The next morning when the superintendent came down to unlock the workrooms for the day she was astonished to see the two little girls standing in the cold by the locked door.

"Oh, I'm so glad to see you!" she said. "I thought you said you couldn't come!"

"We knew those Red Cross bags just had to be finished for the soldiers," exclaimed the little one, with glistening eyes, "and we got up at three o'clock this morning and got the washing done early!"

SUPPLYING FRENCH HOSPITALS. The Red Cross hospital supply service in France has 16 warehouses filled with drugs, medicines, surgical instruments and dressings. It serves 3,426 French military hospitals.

### RICHMOND-SAN RAFAEL FERRY

Summer Schedule  
Daily Except Sunday

Leave Richmond	Leave San Quentin
7:30 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
9:30 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
11:30 a.m.	12:15 p.m.
1:30 p.m.	2:15 p.m.
3:30 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
5:30 p.m.	6:15 p.m.
7:00 p.m.	7:45 p.m.

Sundays and Principal Holidays

Leave Richmond	Leave San Quentin
7:30 a.m.	8:15 a.m.
9:00 a.m.	9:45 a.m.
10:30 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
12:00 m.	12:45 p.m.
2:00 p.m.	2:45 p.m.
3:30 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	5:45 p.m.
6:30 p.m.	7:15 p.m.
8:00 p.m.	8:45 p.m.

## THE TERMINAL

GEO. W. RYAN, Publisher and Editor

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY.  
Established in 1903.  
Legal City and County Paper.

Entered as second-class matter June 22, 1909, at Richmond, California, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

Terms of Subscription: One year, in advance \$2.00; Six months, in advance \$1.00; Three months \$0.50. Advertising rates on application.

Legal notices must be paid for on or before delivery of ad for publication. No exception to this rule.

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## SUMMONS

In the Superior Court of the County of Contra Costa, State of California.

T. Seymour Hall, plaintiff, vs. Patrick Harrison, Manuel Garcia Sosa, First Doe, Second Doe and Third Doe, Defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Contra Costa, State of California, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County of Contra Costa.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to Patrick Harrison, Manuel Garcia Sosa, First Doe, Second Doe and Third Doe, Defendants.

You are hereby directed to appear, and answer the Complaint in the action entitled as above brought against you in the Superior Court of the County of Contra Costa, State of California, within ten days after the service on you of this Summons—If served within this county; or within thirty days if served elsewhere.

And you are hereby notified that unless you appear and answer as above required, the said Plaintiff will take judgment against you for any money or damages demanded in the Complaint, as arising upon contract or will apply to the Court for any other relief demanded in the Complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court of the County of Contra Costa, State of California, this 22nd day of January, A. D., 1918.

J. H. WELLS, Clerk.

(SEAL)  
By S. WELLS, Deputy Clerk.  
— E. S. Page, Attorney for Plaintiff, Bacon Bldg., Oakland, Cal.  
May 3-10t

### ORDER OF HEARING AND TO SHOW CAUSE

In the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Contra Costa.

In the matter of the change of names of Adolph Robert Kreutz, Petitioner.

Department No. 2. No. 8009. Adolph Robert Kreutz, the above named petitioner, having filed in this Court his verified petition for a change of name from that of Adolph Robert Kreutz to that of Ed. Robert Krantz, and said petition having been presented to this Court and it appearing therefrom that good cause exists for the filing of said petition and the hearing thereof by Court.

On motion of J. M. Opsahl, attorney for said petitioner, it is therefore ORDERED that the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of the 10th day of June, 1918, in Department No. 2 of the Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Contra Costa at Martinez, California, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time and place for the hearing of said petition and that any and all persons so desiring may then and there appear and show cause, if any, why the said petition should not be granted.

And it is further ORDERED that a copy of this order be published in the Richmond Terminal, a weekly newspaper of general circulation printed and published in said county for four successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Dated May 7th, 1918.  
A. B. McKENZIE, Judge of the Superior Court.  
A true copy.  
J. M. OPSAHL, Attorney for Petitioner, El Cerrito, Cal.  
First publication May 10.  
Last publication June 7.

### Assessor's Notice.

1918

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS. All persons, firms, companies, corporations and associations are required to deliver at the Assessors office, Martinez, or to the office of J. O. Ford, deputy, 420 Macdonald avenue, Richmond, immediately, a statement under oath of all the property both real and personal owned or claimed by him, her or them, or in their possession, or held in trust for others, at 12 o'clock meridian, the 1st Monday of March, 1918, in accordance with the new constitution.

Refusal or neglect to make such sworn statement of all property owned or held in trust will subject the person so refusing or neglecting to make such sworn statement to the full penalty of the law. All property owners should see that their property is correctly described on the assessment roll.

Immediate attention is necessary, as work on the roll has begun. Proper blanks may be had at the assessors office or of his deputies.

All statements must be in the assessors office on or before the 1st day of May, 1918.

GEO. O. MESE, County Assessor.  
J. O. Ford, Deputy at Richmond 3-15-16

### NOTICE TO VOTERS

A new and complete registration of voters is required by law during the year 1918.

Registration closes, for the purpose of voting at Municipal Elections in towns of the Sixth Civil District, on March 3, 1918; for the purpose of voting at August Primary Election, on July 27th, 1918; for the purpose of voting at the General Election, on October 5th, 1918. No person shall be entitled to vote at any of the above elections unless he registers on or before the above dates.

You may register with the County Clerk or any of his deputies.  
J. H. WELLS, County Clerk of Contra Costa County.  
The following named persons are Registration Deputies:  
— C. Faria, Chief Deputy, City Hall, Richmond.  
— Mrs. Mary D. Noll, 154 Washington Ave., Richmond.  
— George K. Drew, 114 Washington Ave., Richmond.  
— L. R. Vaughn, 420 Macdonald Ave., Richmond.  
— E. Thole, 1222 Macdonald Ave., Richmond.  
— Mrs. Florilla M. Brown, Stage Branch Library, Richmond.  
— Miss Fannie L. Nesbit, 621 Bissell Ave., Richmond.  
— J. A. Desdorch, City Hall, Richmond.  
— Nellie M. Scott, 416 South 23rd Street, Richmond.  
— J. E. Cryan, 211-4th St., Richmond.  
— James M. Stewart, Standard Oil Co., Richmond.  
— Miss Betty Angell, Chamber of Commerce, Richmond.  
— A. Hays, 1202 Macdonald Ave., Richmond.  
— A. H. Mackinson, El Cerrito.  
— W. H. Williams, El Cerrito.  
— Frank Conlon, El Cerrito.  
— G. W. Adams, El Cerrito.  
— George Valencia, San Pablo.  
— Frank M. Silvia, San Pablo.

### Boiling Points Determine Quality of Gasoline

"Then I might just as well throw my gravity hydrometer away?"  
"You said it, Mr. Motorist."  
"Listen, the boiling points of gasoline absolutely control its starting qualities, accelerating qualities, power - giving qualities. Gravity has nothing to do with it."  
"To get the most out of your motor, your gasoline must have the correct series of boiling points in a gradually rising, unbroken chain—low boiling points for easy starting, medium boiling points for quick and smooth acceleration, high boiling points for power and mileage."  
"And only straight-distillation can give this. No mixture can embody all the hundreds of intervening fractions necessary for a perfect motor fuel."  
"To be certain of straight-distilled, un-mixed gas, buy

### RED CROWN

The Gasoline of Quality

STANDARD OIL COMPANY  
CINCINNATI

A Continuous Chain of Boiling Points  
High Boiling Points for power & mileage  
Medium Boiling Points for quick & smooth acceleration  
Low Boiling Points for easy starting

## TILDEN LUMBER CO.

E. M. TILDEN, President

Price --- Quality --- Service

Yards: Oakland, Berkeley, Richmond, Crockett

Office and Mill: 15th St. and Nevin Ave. Phone Richmond 81

### Loher's QUALITY MARKET

FRESH and SALT MEATS, FISH and POULTRY

### Fresh Fish, Clams, Etc.

Every Day

334 Macdonald Ave. Near Fourth | Phone 939

### GUS JOHNSON'S QUICK LUNCH

119 MACDONALD AVENUE

When you are thinking of some place to go to get a good meal try GUS'S QUICK LUNCH. Gus has a fine trade and serves the best the market affords at reasonable prices.

119 Macdonald ave., North side of street, white front.

### Dress Well

ORDER YOUR SUIT NOW OF

### Al Schneider

TAILOR

422 MACDONALD AVENUE

### Cook With Gas

Time SAVE Work

### FUEL

There's Kitchen Economy in Using a MODERN GAS RANGE  
See Them at Your Dealers

### PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

709 Macdonald Avenue  
Telephone Richmond 531

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Olaf P. Wiberg, deceased. No. 4384.  
Notice is hereby given by the undersigned administrator of the estate of Olaf P. Wiberg, deceased, to the creditors of, and to all persons having claims against said decedent to file them, with the necessary vouchers, in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Contra Costa County, State of California, or to exhibit them, with the necessary vouchers, to the said Administrator at the law offices of J. E. Rodgers and A. F. Bray, Byron Brown Building, Martinez, Cal., the same being designated as the place of business in all matters connected with said estate, within four (4) months after the first publication of this notice.

Dated May 16, 1918.  
CHARLES E. DALRY, Administrator of the estate of Olaf P. Wiberg, deceased.  
J. E. Rodgers and A. F. Bray, attorneys for Administrator, Byron Brown Bldg., Martinez, Cal. may 17-24-31 June 7

### RICHMOND BRANCH

### Geo. W. Caswell

COMPANY

Teas and Coffees

2456 Solito Avenue  
RICHMOND, CAL.  
California Blend Chaffee Coffee

Telephone your orders to RICHMOND 540  
Agent Independent Cracker and Biscuit Company

See Lanfer's advertisement about your vision.

## BUICK SAXON

Do BROY MOTOR COMPANY  
MOTOR CARS  
VAN HUSE AVENUE AND YOUNG STREET

Gentlemen:—  
From our own experience and the reported experience of Saxon owners in California, we know Zerolene to be a most satisfactory motor oil. It never hesitates recommending owners on the matter of motor oil.

Very truly yours,  
J. D. Lauppe

Very truly yours,  
C. E. Hollander

### Endorsed by Leading Car Distributors

—because the records of their service departments show that Zerolene, correctly refined from asphalt-base crude, gives perfect lubrication with least carbon deposit.

Less wear and more power because Zerolene keeps its lubricating body at cylinder heat. Less carbon because, being made from asphalt-base crude, it burns clean and goes out on exhaust.

Zerolene is the oil for your car—whatever the make—the oil for all types of automobile engines. For correct grade, get our lubrication chart covering your car.

At dealers everywhere and Standard Service Stations.

## ZEROLENE

The Standard Oil for Motor Cars

STANDARD OIL COMPANY (CALIFORNIA)

### WILL YOU?

Will you, who through long years of peace  
Have lived in this beloved land,  
Take out a bond and so increase  
Its armament by sea and land?

Will you, who have had home and food  
In liberty beneath this sky,  
Hold back, and let a foreign brood  
Teach you the way to do and die?

Will you, who have so often said  
Your country was the best on earth,  
Wait, until confidence is dead,  
Before you prove what words are worth?

Martha Newland.  
Johnson, bootblack, 6th and Mac

### Bank Clearances.

The following are the bank clearances for May of the principal California cities:

San Francisco	\$423,299,666
Los Angeles	120,556,000
Oakland	25,116,762
Sacramento	14,392,799
San Diego	8,352,734
Fresno	8,470,000